Earth-Sun Relations

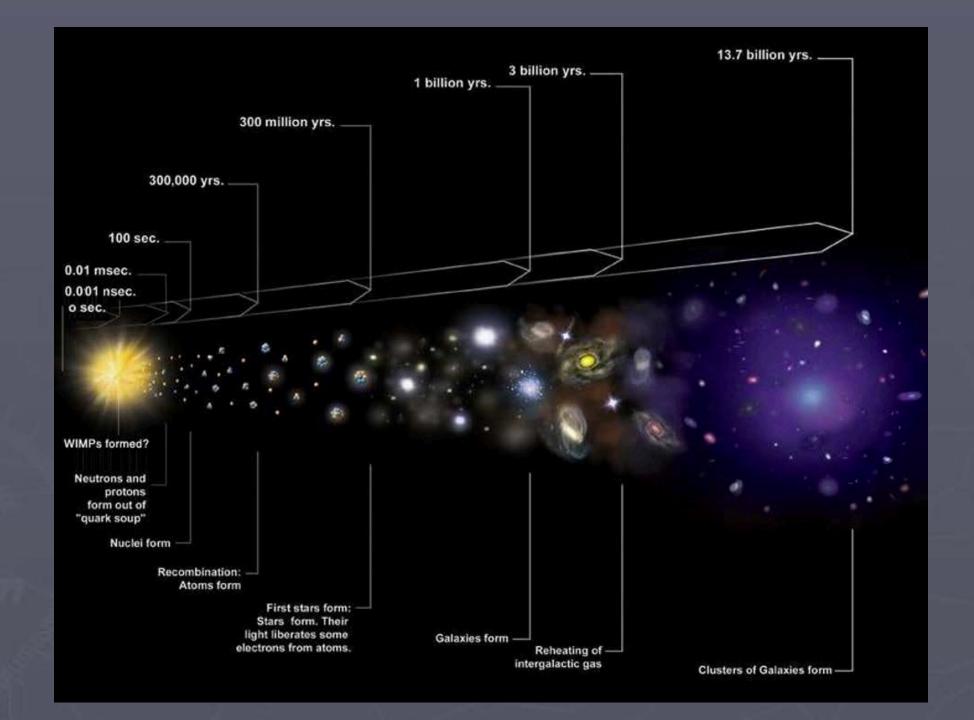
Earth's Cosmic Address
Chapter 2

The Pale Blue Dot



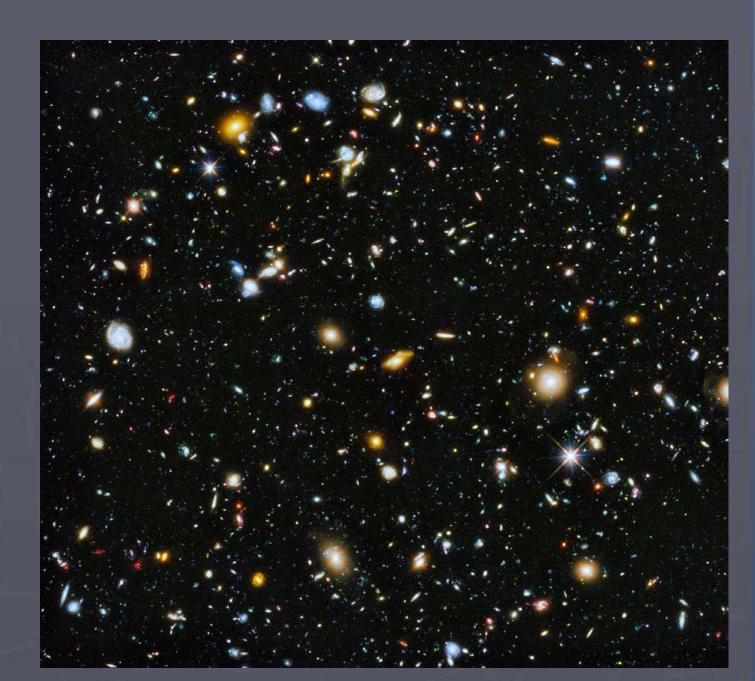
• Carl Sagan Speech - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wupToqz1e2g

Cosmic Epochs

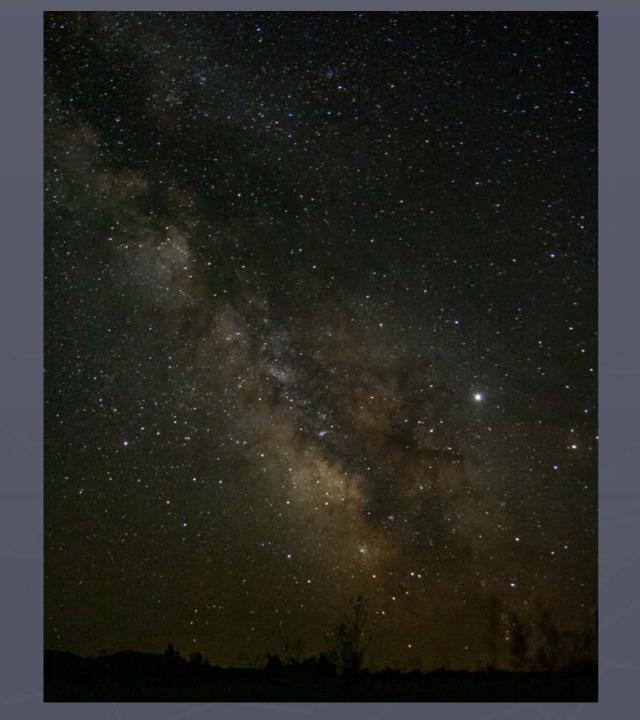


The Universe

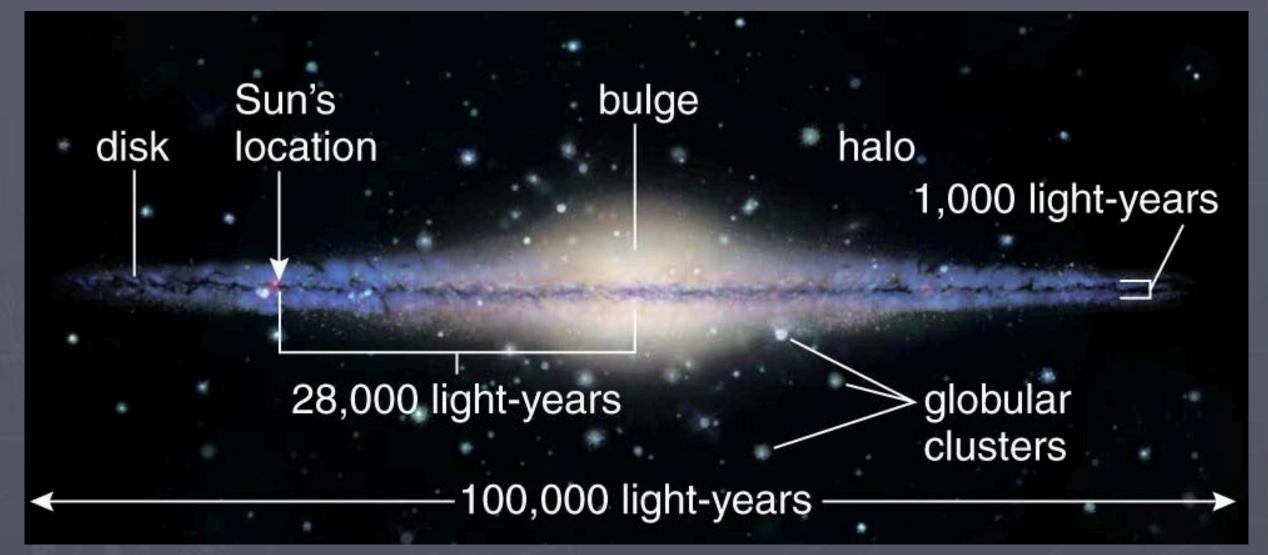
- Universe thought to contain over 125 billion galaxies
 - Each one with millions to billions of their own stars



The Milky Way

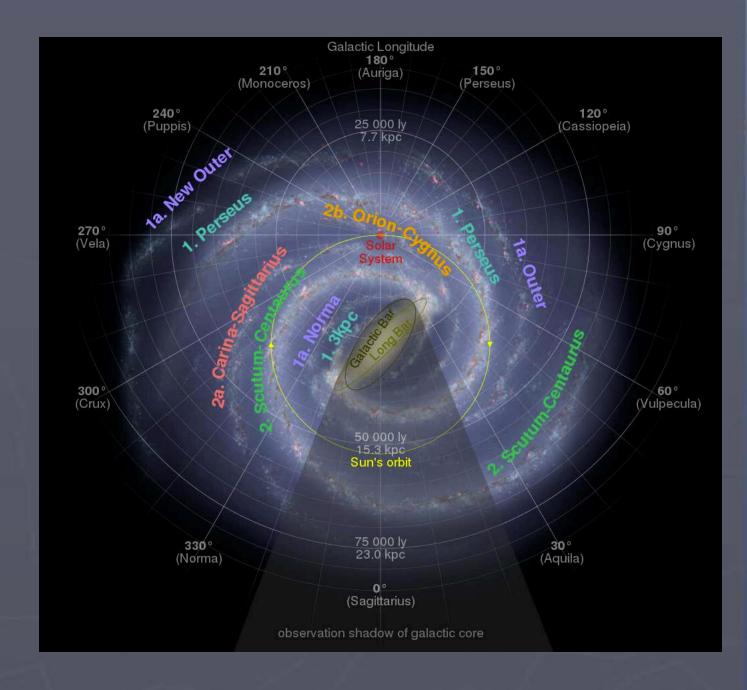


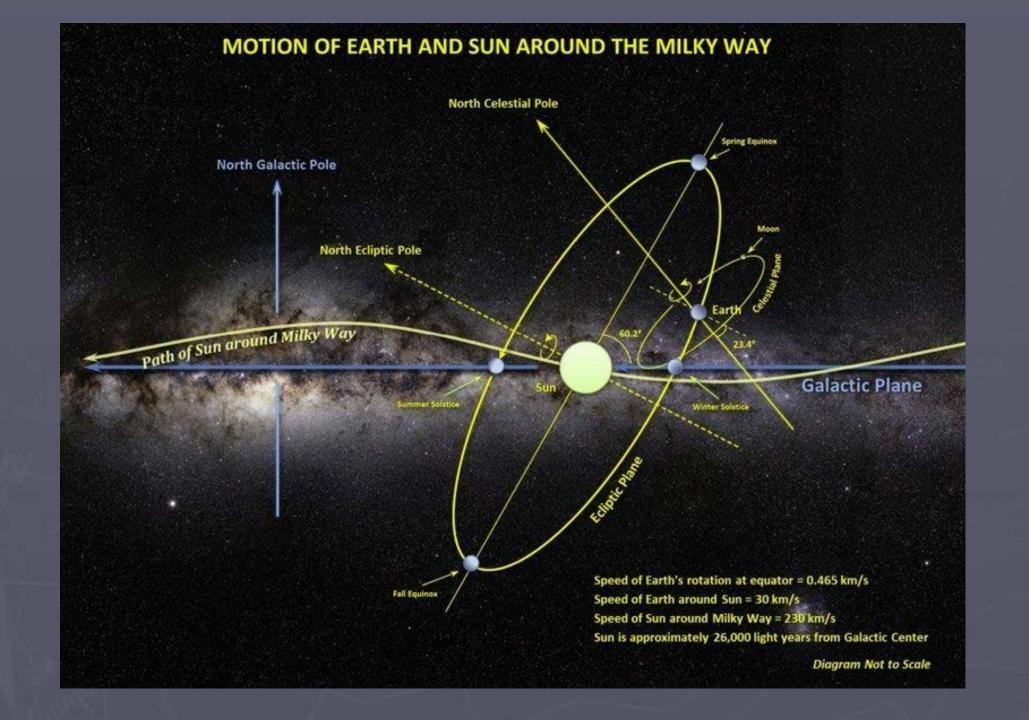
The Milky Way Galaxy



The Milky Way

 Milky Way is thought to contain around 300 billion stars





Our Solar System

- Formed 4.6 to 5 billion years ago
 - Earth thought to be around4.5 billion years old
- 8 planets revolve around the Sun
 - 4 terrestrial planets
 - 4 gas giants

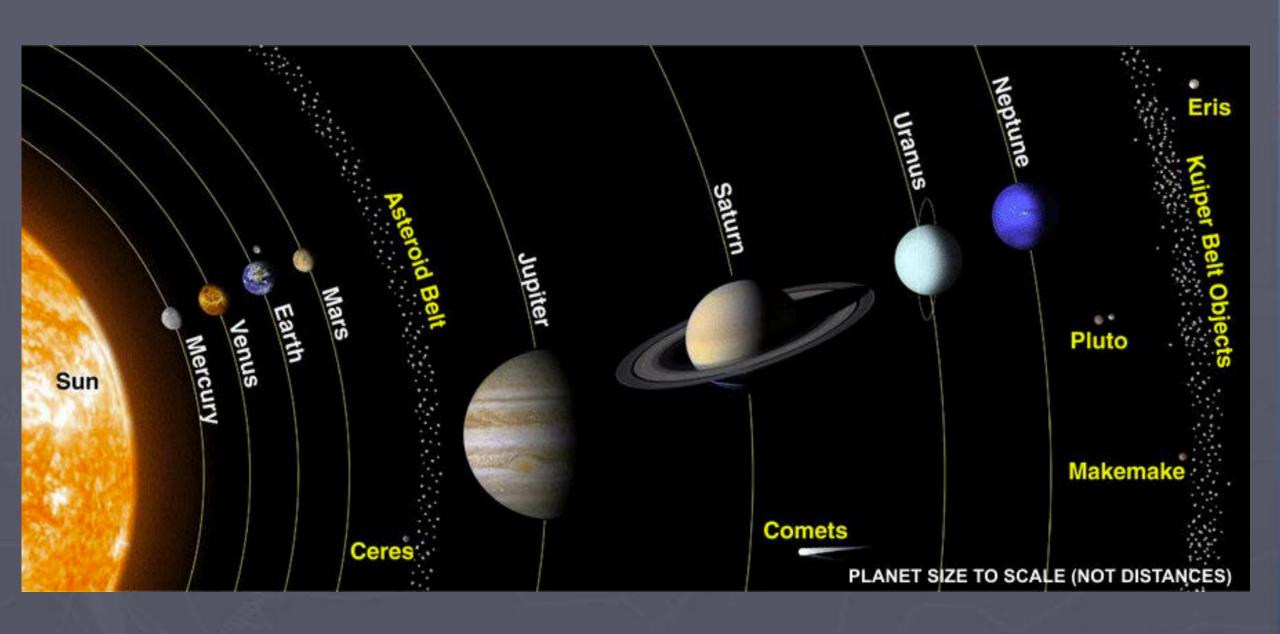


THE SOLAR SYSTEM

Distances to scale —All bodies x1000 —

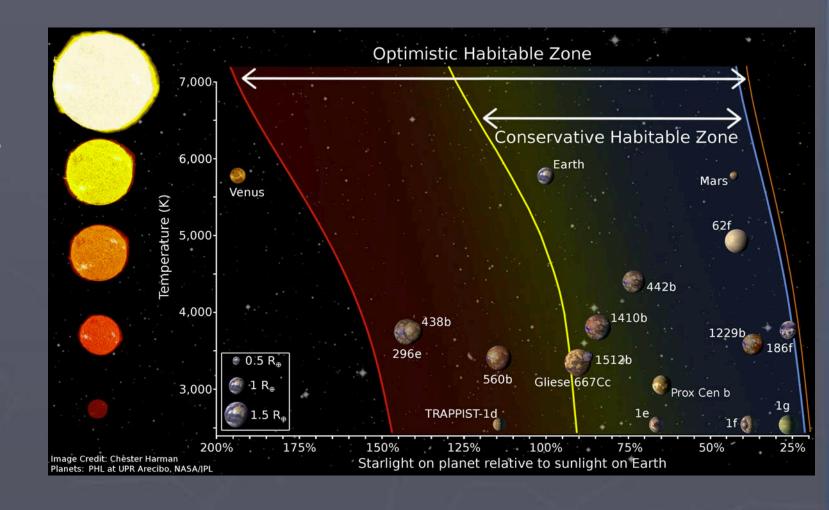


1 Astronomical Unit (1AU) = 149.6 Million km James O'Donoghue / NASA imagery — T: @physicsJ



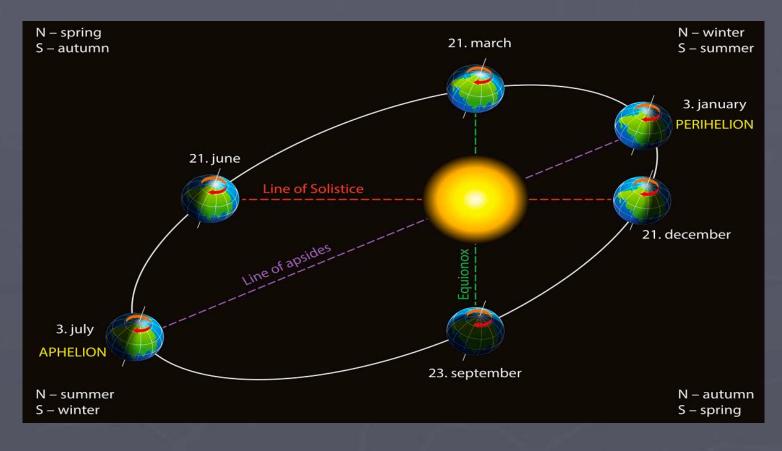
Circumstellar Habitable Zone

- The Habitable Zone (nicknamed the Goldilocks zone) denotes area where life as we know it is possible
- 1953 Hubertus Strughold & Harlow Shapley
- Estimated 1/5 stars have an earth-sized planet in CHZ, meaning upwards of 40 billion



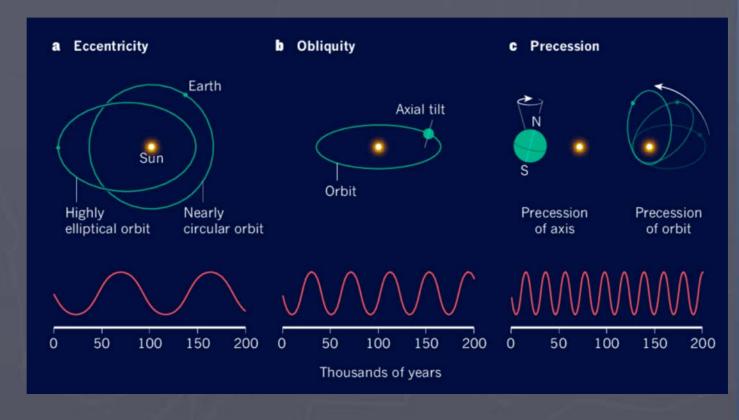
Earth's Elliptical Orbit

- Earth's path around sun not circular, rather it is elliptical
 - Aphelion (152,171,500 km)
 - Perihelion (147,166,480 km
- Does not significantly factor into seasonal variations in temperature



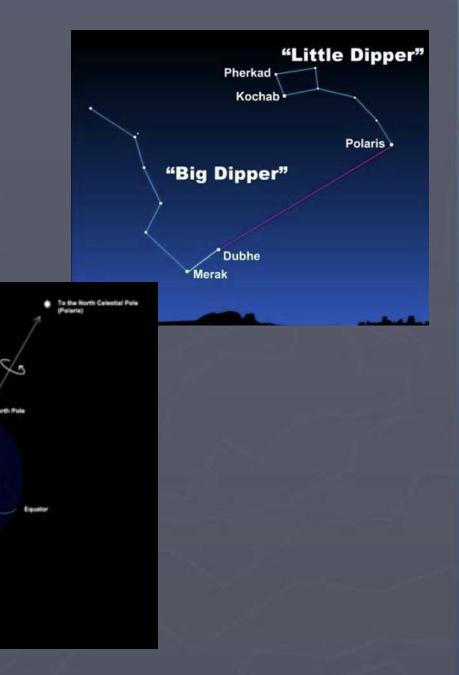
Milankovitch Cycles

- Eccentricity Changes in Earth's orbit leading to veritably in amount of energy
- Obliquity Minor changes in the tilt resulting in variation at the poles
- Precession Changes in the orientation of the tilt because of the Earth's wobble due to equatorial bulge



Importance of Polaris

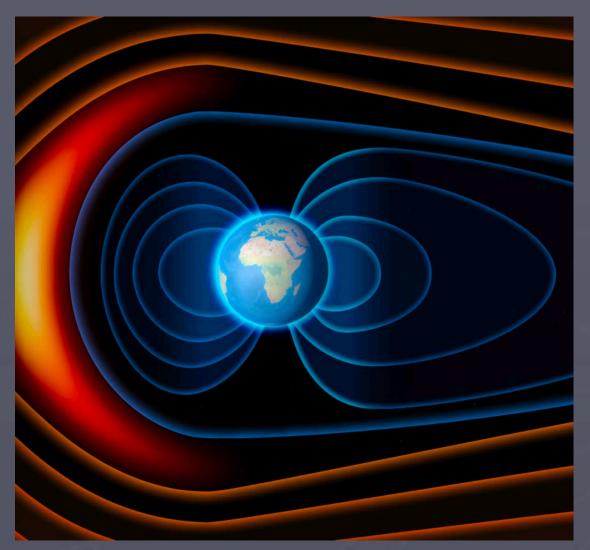
- Constant above North Celestial Pole
- Used to determine latitude
 - 40 degrees North latitude,
 Polaris is 40 degrees above
 the horizon



EARTH

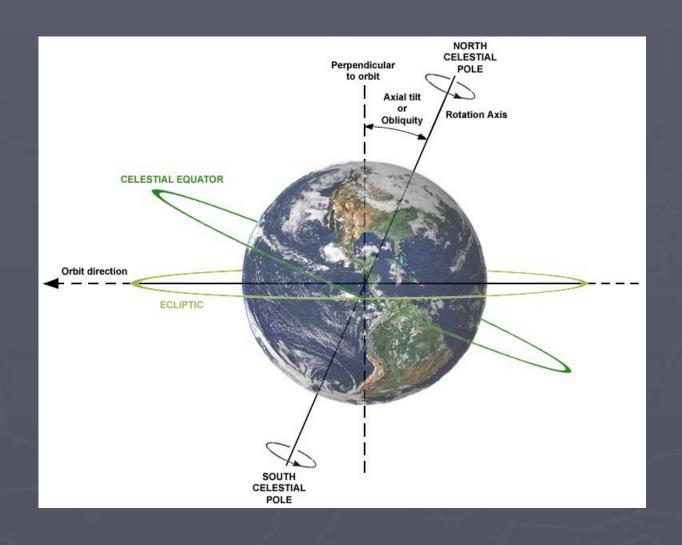
Earth's Magnetic Field

- Magnetosphere create by motion of our planet
 - Protecting us from the majority of the Sun's energy
 - Force compresses sphere on side facing the sun



Magnetic North Pole vs. Celestial North Pole

- Variation between celestial North Pole and Magnetic North pole caused by variation of electric currents near Earth's Core
 - Celestial remains mostly constant while magnetic shifts



Changes in Sun's Behavior

Sun Spots

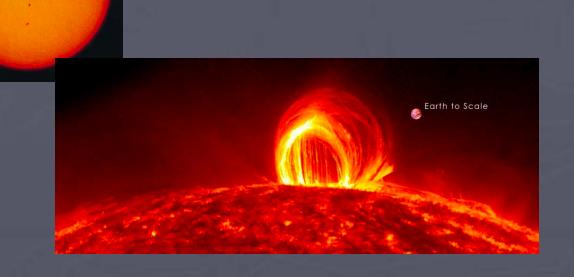
 Disturbances on Sun's surface correlated with increased solar radiation

Solar Flares

Explosions on the surface resulting in solar wind

Solar Wind

- Emissions of electrically charged particles
- Magnetosphere directs winds towards poles



The Auroras

- Results from Solar Winds interacting with atmosphere
 - Aurora borealis (Northern Lights), Aurora australis (southern Lights

