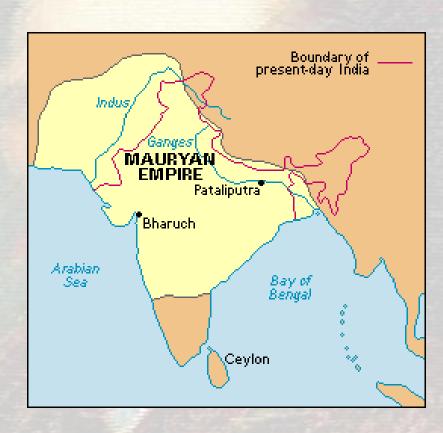


Mauryan Empire

- Empire that controlled India from 4th-2nd Century B.C.E.
 - Converted to Buddhism
 around 250 B.C.E.
- Artistic transition from wood to stone
 - Emphasis in pottery



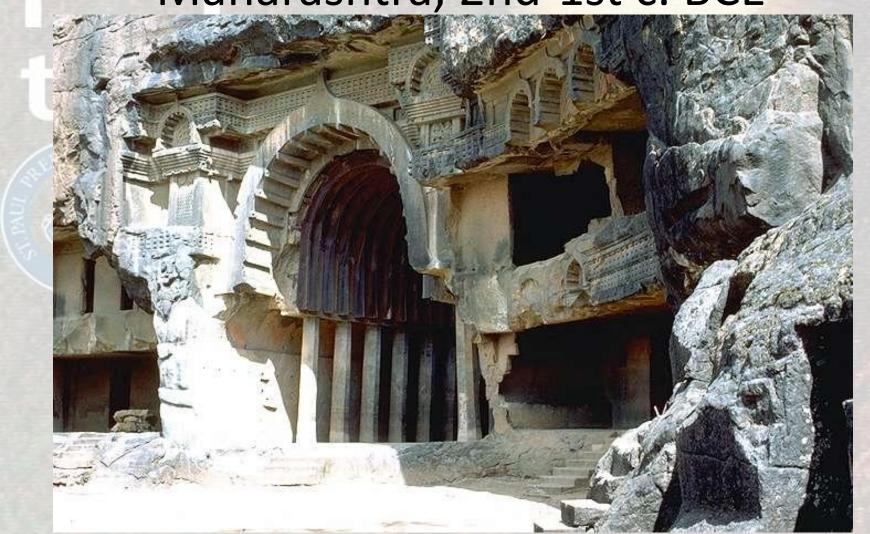
Maurya Sculptures

- Artistic themes primarily revolved around Buddhism
 - Inspired by Vedic culture
 - Stone cut sculptures
 - Stone cutting techniques also used in temples and caves

Three Phases of Maurya Art

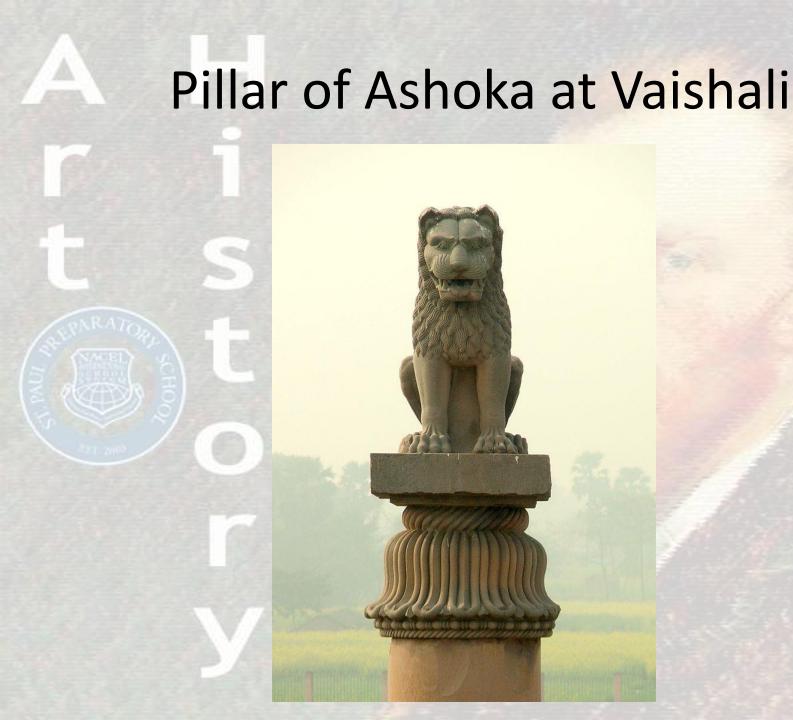
- 1. Continuation of Pre-Mauryan tradition of Vedic dieties
- 2. Court art of King Ashoka, especially columns with inscribed edicts
- 3. Brick and stone architecture, especially in the building of stupas

Entrance to the rock-cut Buddhist temple (vihara), Cave 12, at Bhaja, Maharashtra, 2nd-1st c. BCE



Pillar of Ashoka at Vaishali, c. 3rd Centyry B.C.E.

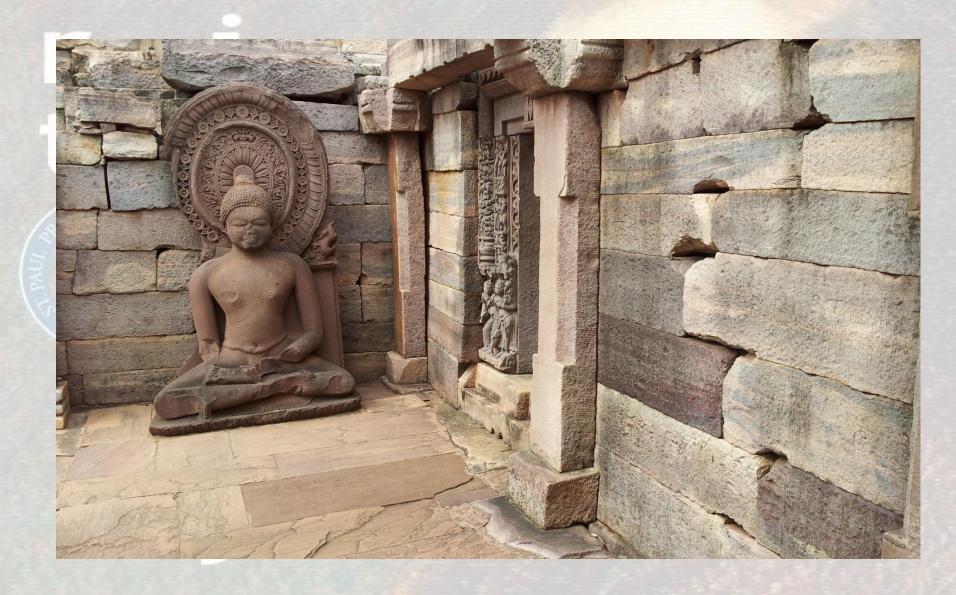




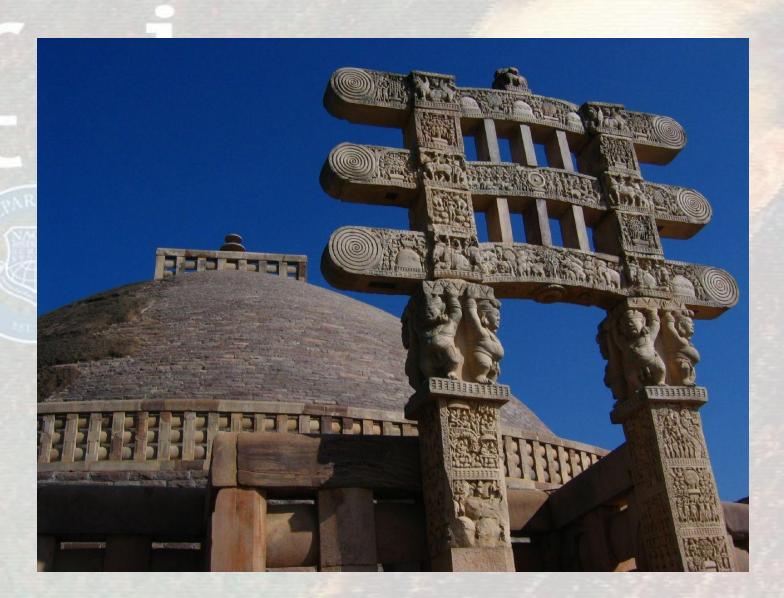
Sanchi Stupa, 3rd Century B.C.E.



AH



Sanchi Stupa Torana



Greco-Bactrian Art

- Area of Greece conquered by Alexander the Great
 - Art is thematically Indian but Greek influenced
 - Greco-Buddhism Style
- 1st to 7th Century C.E.
- Mostly used stucco and terra-cotta

Greco-Bactrian Kingdom



Greco-Bactrian Sculptures

- Primarily of Buddhist deities, monks, or donors
 - Slightly unrealistic features
 - Faces as perfect ovals
 - Eyes half closed
 - As if representing Buddha and meditation

Statues of the Buddha

- Almost always sitting and cross-legged
 - Rarely standing
 - Skilled carving
 - Rich ornamentation
 - Complex symbolism

Seated Buddha, Mathura India, 2nd Century C.E.



halo of enlightenment

ushnisha

urna

elongated ears

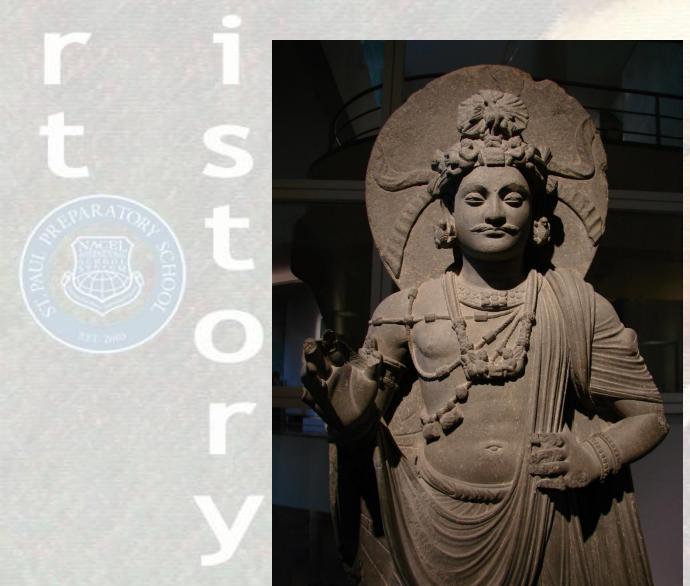
mudra

chakra

prana



Bodhisattva Gandhara Guimet



Standing Bodhisattva, 2nd-3rd Century C.E.

Greco Inspired images of the Buddha, 2nd Century B.C.E.



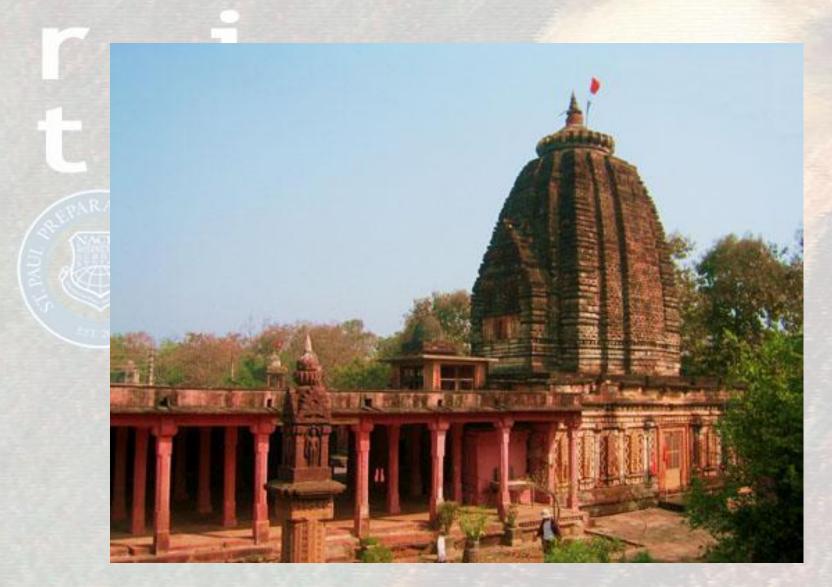
Gupta Art and Architecture

- Existed from 320-550 C.E.
- General peace allowed from Administrative and artistic reforms
- Golden Age of India
 - Developments in Education, Science, Art, and Hinduism
 - Centered in Mathura and Gandhara

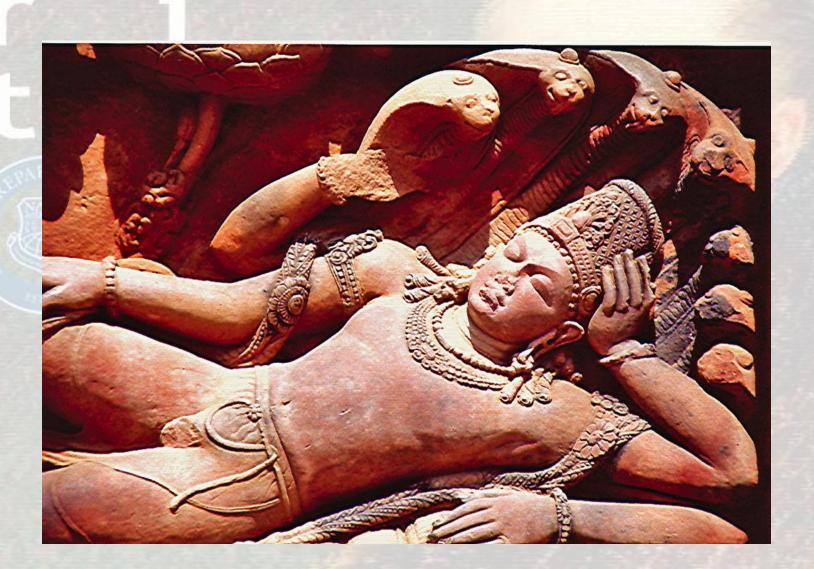
Hindu Art

- New innovations and elaborate architecture
 - Temples to different Hindu gods
- Sculptures of deities
 - Hinduism
 - Buddhism
 - Jainism

The Dashavatara Temple, c. 500 C.E.



Vishnu Scultupre at Dashavatara Temple



Entry at Dashavatara Temple

